Exercise Interconnects

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Task 1: Cable planning (5 min)

How should cable management be done, to ensure:

- 1. All nodes have all necessary connections (Ethernet, IPMI, Infiniband, power)
- 2. The airflow behind and in front of the nodes is as best as possible
- 3. The cables are as short as possible (Infiniband cables are expensive)
- 4. Replacing broken cables is as easy as possible.

Hints

- Consider placing of switches at different positions
- Consider front serviced nodes (network front, power back) vs. back serviced nodes (everything in the back)

Task 2: Switch planning (5 min)

How many 36 port switches are needed to connect 120 nodes to a fabric? Calculate this for a non-blocking fabric as well as for a blocking factor of 2 at the leaf switch level.

Task 3: Storage server placement (3 min)

How should the storage servers connected to the fabric for best performance, which requires even load distribution?

Task 4: Communication overhead calculation (5 min)

You have a 200GBit/s Infiniband HDR network available. How many MPI messages of size 8 Byte could be transfered theoretically?

How many messages per second are left over in different fabrics:

- 1. Infiniband with a message header of size 20 Byte.
- 2. RoCEv2 with a message header of size 66 Byte.

Optional Task 5: Fabric topolgies (10 min)

This is a difficult **additional** task which will support your understanding in the topic.

Why is even in a non-blocking Fat Tree 100% bandwidth not guaranteed for every communication pattern? Create a minimal example.

How can this problem be avoided?